CLOSING BATES Yesterday of cotton and gold: Liverpool cotton, 6 1-16d. Memphis cotton, 10 1-4c. New Orleans cotton, 10 1-3c. New York cotton, 10

15 16c. New York gold, 101 3 8. WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WAR DEPT., OFFICE CR. S16. OFFICE, Washington, March 17, 1 a.m. For Tennessee and the Ohiovalley, colder clear or partly cloudy weather, preceded at the north and east stations by areas of ligh rain, colder northwesterly winds, and rising Stanley Mathews's Proposition for a Sink-

Place of Bar. Ther. Dir. | Wind. Weath Barvation.

The proposition to hold a public meeting

BSERVATIONS YESTERDAY.

Important Amendments to be Insisted Upon for the Benefit of Memphis. THE PROPOSED PUBLIC MEETING

of the citizens of Memphis, at which the committee now at work shall make their report, is cordially received. Our people feel that the present is a crisis in the fate of their city, and that Memphis as the starting point to the Pacific railroad, is a start for Memphis on a career of boundless prosperity. They, they can crown the efforts of the chamber of with the stamp of the public appropation. There are reasons to expect, from the industheir report will be of profound interest. It will be ready in a few days, and it is suggest-

THE new tariff bill will probably be ready the house by the latter part of

point shall stand out clear and unmistakable,

Ir is declared in well-informed quarters in although nothing prevents Greece from delegating the care of her interests to the repre-

THE house, in committee of the whole yes-

committee made a unanimous report yester-Mitchell's bill, extending the time for the

cridently a progressive one. Murders are so frequent in some districts in Texas that lynchmen together with the criminals their failure to do their duty has set free. In this way it is hoped the cause of right and justice will

A BIGAMIST.

iam M'Beoker, Arrested and Convicted of Bigamy at Friars Point, Mississippi-A History of the

is now awaiting his sentence. He says he came from Jersey Landing, Illinois, and located in Carroll county, in this State, and there he there he was legally married to a respectable young lady by the name of Lucinda Caroline Grammer, with whom he lived about two years and had one child, and then, under a pretext of seeking employment, he abandoned his wife and child, coming to this county, and on the ninth day of March, 1877, he made an engagement with Mr. G. W. Lester to work on the farm. His conduct and general bearing gagement with Mr. G. W. Lester to work on the farm. His conduct and general bearing was so good that he gained the confidence and affections of the family, and on the twenty-fifth day of July he was married to Mr. Lester's daughter, Lucinda Caroline. He remained in Mr. Lester's family during the summer, until about the first of September, when the report came that he had a living wife and child. In order to establish the truth of these reports, Mr. Lester undertook to search for the evidence, and passed through the counties of Bolivar, Sunti wer, Leflore, Tallahatchie and Carroll. and found her living on the Yazoo river, in Leflore, near Sidon. She stated that she had been lawtablish the fact. She expressed her willingness to come to this county to identify him, if mecessary. Mr. Lester had M'Booker arrested and placed in custody before he went in search of the evidence, and at the present term of the circuit court brought the forsaken wife from Carroll county here to identify the faithless husband and testify in her own behalf. She recognized him at first and told her atory in a simple, unaf-

Full Texts of the Minority Reports from the Committee on Southern Pacific Rallways-The Discussion in Relation to the Hot Springs Reservation.

ing Fund to Pay over \$154,000,000 of Indebtedness - Huntington's Southern Pacific in Sad Luck Just Now.

Meeting of the Tennessee Delegation on the Subject of the House Bill-

WASHINGTON, Morch 13 .- In pursuance a self-imposed duty to keep the people of Memphia and the surrounding country in-formed, through the APPEAL, of all the movements, bills and reports made, intro-duced or presented in behalf of Pacific railroad schemes, I copy in full the minority re-ports presented by members of the house committee on the Pacific railroad. The first was written by Mr. Luttrell, of California, a native of Tennessee, and one of the most highly esteemed of the members of the

have had the same under consideration, and while differing with the majority, we are as sensible to the advantages to follow the ed that the public meeting at which it shall be presented should be held at the Greenlaw ment to trade, manufactures and mining throughout the country; in the development of the population and industries of the souththe position and feeling of Memphis on the istration of the government, as the maministration of the government, as the majority of its members can be, and are as desirous to promote that object. We differ only as to the means to be employed. Two propositions are before us looking to that end. One of them, the Texas and Pacific, seeks to retain its land-grant from the United States, amounting to 18,000,000 acres, to obtain two amounting to 18,000,000 acres, to obtain two years additional time, and a special and extraordinary grant of the credit of the nation in the form of an indorsement upon \$38,750,000 of the company's bonds, pledging it to the payment of five per cent. gold interest for the benefit of the Vicksburg and Meridian same time, but without any other or further assistance than the contiguous grant of lands

> dates, as practical business men, ought we to intrust with this undertaking? We should select the proposition most favorable to the good of the people. It would seem that by the charter the grant of land along this thir-ty-second parallel line in the Territories was made double that of the pioneer line by the money or credit. This purpose again appears in the amendment of 1872, which further lightened the burdens and enlarged the privileges of the Texas and Pacific company, and which were granted upon the express condition: "That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to authorize the grant of adamendments required as a condition precedent that the work should be prosethan 500 miles on the main line in Texas, shall terminus in Texas, and not one mile, or

company to comply with the terms on which the lands and franchises were granted. This contingency of failure was, by the caution of congress, foreseen and provided for in both acts, by a proviso that "upon failure to complete it congress may adopt such measures as ure is obvious by its appearance here for further aid and indulgence, and it thereby confesses inability to proceed with the conhe was authorized to construct some three hundred and fifty miles of road in California to connect this thirty-second parallel road married to a gration, with branch roads and termini at by the name seaports in southern California, in sail com-

grant, this is rather more than it is within ound the marriage certificate to es- the power of the other company to offer. No

OUR CAPITAL LETTER.

power is necessarily unregulated and unre-strained. Power usurped never was and never will be honestly administered. When and finally, under the necessities, real or sup-posed, of civil war, subsidies assumed the objectionable form proposed in the pending bill. The undersigned would re-mind the house that this later rule of construction only obtained a footing at a period are still believed to be essential and indispensable to the protection and well-being of the people; and when rules of construction obtained a tooting which finally wrecked us

in civil war, we should retrace our steps and return to the doctrines and the practices of the fathers. In this the people have preceded us, and this house has, by solemn resolution, condemned the further grant or renewal of subsidies in any form. The lands granted already exceed two hundred millions By the act of 1872 of acres, a quantity in area and acres equal Iennessee, Indiana. Ilinois, Wisconsin, and Iowa, equal to the original thirteen States, if we exclude West Virginia. The moneysubsidies already granted, guaranteed, loaned or given, which in Pacific legislation have hitherto proved to be equivalent terms, used as a sinking-fund, would liquidate more than \$380,000,000 of the public debt. The proponstructed is wholly the creature of the govsubmitted that the government, and not the railroad company, should own it. The pres-ent value of the \$38,750,000 of fifty-year bonds, were the principal also guaranteed by the government, would not exceed \$3,000,000. in the proposed mortgage to indemnify the government for its guarantee. The land grant of the State of Texas, which consti-

railroad company to the government as in-demnity for its guarantee, has lapsed, and is fore granted to the company by congress, situate in the Territories of New Mexico and Arizona and the State of California, are beieved to afford the government no substantillable or available agricultural lands is in-considerable—the whole proceeds are liable to be consumed in their survey and sale. If railroad history repeats itself, the bondholders will foreclose any claim of the government when the bonds are payable. The only real indemnity, therefore, which the government obtains for its guarantee is over that part of it to be built upon its (the with dispatch. government's) own credit. The local or way

of Fort Worth to be paid for by the govern-ment must long be inconsiderable, while through carrying will be divided between this and other roads and branches. The history of Pacific railroad legislation and the practices under it does not justify the expec-tation of net earnings which will inure to the undeserved favor, involves grave responsibilities, thusband and testify in her sown behalf. She recognized him at first sight, and told her story in a simple, unaffected manner. Wife number two also testified to a marriage, and produced the marriage certificate to that effect. It was plain that the counsel did not around the case, and the jury was out criply a short time when it brought in a versite of guilty. Mr. Lester deserves much credit for working up the case and bringing the culprat to justice. Having a pardonable the culprat to justice. Having a pardonable the culprat to justice. Having a pardonable the cannot concur in the report of the majority.

cary a short time when it drougen has completed; the condition and protect the best of the people, and an approach the condition and protecting best conditions and protecting best condit

THE HOT SPRINGS perils of corporate greed with which the commissioners from ten dollars per day to country under the late construction has becountry under the late construction has become unhappily familiar. First, as if by stealth and indirection, gifts and grants of the public property were made through the States; then directly to private corporations; and finally, under the necessities, real or supcal disability, cannot attend the sessions of the commissioners, or when the witness may reside more than one hundred miles from the town of Hot Springs. The debate was participated in by Senators Blaine, Davis [Ill.], Dorsey and Paddock for, and Senators Davis [W. Va.], Withers, Cameron [Wis.], and Stanley Matthews, by way of inquiry, and to draw out all the facts necessary to reach a just conclusion before voting. The amendment was adopted and also the following adnent was adopted and also the following ad-

> "That the superintendent of the Hot Springs reservation is hereby authorized to Springs mountain water-working company, a company duly incorporated under the laws of the State of Arkansas, shall have the right to construct a reservoir upon some suitable purpose of supplying the citizens and visitors with cold water; and said company shall also have the right to lay suitable pipes to and from said reservoir and along the streets and from said reservoif and along the streets and alleys of the Hot Springs reservation, under such restrictions and regulations as may be prescribed by the secretary of the interior."
>
> It is to be hoped that the house, before adopting this section, will scrutinize it carefully and inquire into its meaning. There may not be a job in it, and I would not for the world hint that there is; but it is just as well that the people of Hot Springs should know all about this Mountain water-working commany for a town that hitherto has beasted

> tain arrangement, which, in the estimation of outsiders here, looms up a mountain big with fat profits and easy offices for its projectors. How is it, anyhow, and what is it? scriptions from congressmen and others in aid of the Hot Springs sufferers. So far he has succeeded in securing \$415, from the fol-lowing-named parties, who subscribed the sums set opposite their names: Jordan E. sums set opposite their names: Jordan E. Cravens, M. C., \$100; W. F. Slemons, M. C., \$25; L. C. Gause, M. C., \$25; T. M. Gunter, \$25; Senator Dorsey, \$100; Senator Garland, \$50; O. A. Morgan, \$10; M. M'-Keogh, \$10; E. C. Boudinot, \$10: Senator Chaffee, \$19; Senator Isham G. Harris, \$10; Senator J. G. Blaine, \$10; Eugene Hale, M. C., \$10; S. S. Cox, M. C., \$10; W. J. Patton, \$10. Mr. M'Keogh, who authorized the relief committee to draw on him for \$300 before he had collected a cent, will forward the

THE UNION AND CENTRAL PACIFIC RAIL ing by the hearty commendations show-ered upon Senator Thurman for the bill andreport (a synopsis of which I sent you last week), and the speech he made yesterday in defense of both; a speech that logically established the ability of

tee? If it has, then power has been conferred upon congress to make gifts of the public moneys and public property to private corporations and individuals. Has any such a power been granted by the constitution, or is it necessary to the execution of any power that is granted? This railroad, when built, will be the private property of the shareholders. It will be a military and post road, in the same sense, and to the same extent, and none other, that all other railroads of the country over which the government may transport its mails, troops, or supplies, for reasonable composition, are military and post roads. It is submitted that the power has not been conferred upon congress to make the United States a partner in such an enterprise by subscription to its capital stock; or more, to authorize the construction of its road and for other purposes. In the case of Davis rs. Gray, 16 Wallace, page 203, United States supreme court decided that the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific was a surviving corporation, with all its property in possession, and all its faculties unimpaired. This franchise and right of way the compound to the construction of said roads, shall continue in force as to the semi-annual payment hereinbefore stated. The sinking fund to be created by this bill would be mainly sustained by the government, the companies of the mainly sustained by the government, the companies of the mainly sustained in possession, and all its faculties unimpaired. The government is required to make but trifling additions to it. The government is required to make but trifling additions to it. The government is required to make out trifling additions to it was ever acquired in either of the modes suggested, or otherwise, and whether it has submitted that the power has not been conferred upon congress to make the United States a partner in such an enterprise by subscription to its capital stock; or more, to authorize the construction of the road and for other page 203, United States supreme court decided that the Memphis, El Paso

years past more than \$1,800,00. The companies are to pay \$2,000,000 a year in semiannual installments to the sinking fund. The
government practically gives them \$1,800,000
a year, and they will only have to add \$200,000 to this gift to make up their \$2,000,000.
Besides, the government is requed to pay
compound interest on the money the companies pay into the sinking fund, while the government itself gets no interest on the interest
which it pays on the \$57,000,000 loaned the
companies. In view of the arguments adpermation, are military and post roads. It is submitted that the power has not been as the power has not possible contingency, want to see it for a military purpose, any more than they may go into partnership with a stock-rainer been as the power has not possible to power and the demand of the power has not been proceed from the power has not been as the power has not been proceed from the power has not been as the power has not been proceed from the power has not been provided from the power which his point has not been as the power has not been provided from the power has not many that has not been as the power has not been provided from the power has not provided for a his possible

' naturally financial embarrassment and ma-bility to discharge the onerous burdens imcontingencies by making a fair, safe, reasonable, business-like adjustment of the whole case? One which will be accepted by the corporations concerned, and at the same time secure absolutely the entire claim of the government. To save over \$154,000,000 to the public treasury is worth an earnest effort. To do this in a way which will induce the hearty co-operation of the public debtors is better than to adopt a mode which shall excite their resistance This is the plain, practical business path for congress to tread. The committee believe that the substitute herewith reported will accomplish all that they claim for it, and ask for it the favorable consideration

"and ask for it the favorable consideration of the senate."

Neither Gould nor Huntington could ask for a more earnest plea in their interests than this. Their own attorneys could hardly improve upon it. Indeed, it is asserted that their attorney did try, but failed to amend it, although it is said he had both bill and report in his keeping for several days. But I think it is love's labor lost. The Matthews bill cannot pass. Not even with the expendent think it is love's labor lost. The Matthews bill cannot pass. Not even with the expenditure of the million dollars which Gould is credited with having for that purpose, nor with the assistance of the most powerful lobby ever organized here since the days of the Pacific mail subsidy. Of that million, it is broadly stated he has already paid out \$200,000 to get the bill and report from the committee. But that, if it is true, was a much easier job than to get the consent of both houses er job than to get the consent of both houses for \$800,000. In order that the readers of the APPEAL may thoroughly understand a subject likely to create as great a stir as the silver bill, I quote at length from Matthews's report the following exhibit of

Under the act of July 1, 1862, and the acts amending the same, or supplemental thereto, the United States advanced to the Central Pacific railroad company, of Califor-nia, and the Western Pacific railroad compabonds amounting, in the aggregate, to the sum of \$27,855,680. The bonds mature thirty years after date, and during the period bear six per cent. interest per annum. The interest for the term, therefore, will amount to \$50,140,224, making, with principal, at the maturity of the bonds, a total of \$77,995,904. Under the same acts there was issued to the nder the same acts there was issued to the Union Pacific railroad company, for like purpose, bonds bearing the same rate of interest, and running for the same term, to the amount of \$27,236,512, with aggregate interest for the term of \$49,025,721, and making a total at maturity of \$76,262,293.

This vast sum is to be paid by the United States, and is to be repaid by the said corpo-rations under and in pursuance of the aforesaid acts of congress. Current repayment HOW IT IS TO BE PAID.

1. "Only one-half of the compensation for services rendered for the government by said companies shall be required to be applied to the payment of the bonds issued by the government in aid of the construction of said roads."—Section 5, Act of July 2, 1864.

2. "After said road is completed, until said bonds and interest are paid, at least five per cent. of the net earnings of said road shall also be annually applied to the payment thereof."—Section 6, Act of July 1, 1862.

The interest paid by the United States to January 1, 1878, on account of the bonds issued to these corporations, was \$31.898. ions of law for reimbursement, the United States had received at said date \$7,342,-969 55. Under the second provision of law of the complete suppression of the insurrection in the district of Chimara, the entire extion in the district of C

TREASURY TOPICS.

Weekly Statement of the Condition of the Treasury-The Statement of the Secretary Concerning the \$100,000.000 Four-and-a-Half Per Cents to be Market.

Washington, March 16.—The treasury now holds \$345,637,850 in United States bonds to secure the national bank circulation, and \$13,446,000 in bonds to secure the public deposits. United States bonds deposited for circulation for the week ending to-day, \$409,-000; United States bonds held for circulation withdrawn for the week ending to-day, \$830,-000; national bank circulation outstanding, gold notes. \$1,432,120; currency notes. \$319. gold notes, \$1,432,120; currency notes, \$319 - 657,176; internal revenue, \$282,093; customs, \$484,276; receipts of national bank notes for the week ending to-day, as compared with the corresponding period last year—\$3,379,000; 1878, \$2,841,000; receipts to-day, \$471,000.

In regard to the statements that the treasury department would place \$100,000,000 of ary department would place \$100,000,000 of 11/2 per cent. bonds upon the market, the

4½ per cent. bonds upon the market, the secretary of the treasury states that in response to applications he has asked that the terms for placing these bonds be submitted for his consideration. The offers received have not been satisfactory, and the secretary states that only 4 per cent. bonds will now be sold unless the 4½ per cent. can be disposed of at their relative value with the 4 per cents., the latter being placed at par. He will at any time receive bids for the 4½ per cent. bonds on that basis.

Special-Agent W. H. Bingham has been designated by the secretary of the treasury to take the place of Special-Agent Brush on the committee to investigate alleged irregularities connected with the valuation of goods at the port of New York. the port of New York.

The secretary of the treasury, for the past week, has purchased silver bullion to run the mints about five weeks. The price paid was not as great as was expected by the bullion

The designs for the back and face of the ten and twenty-dollar silver certificates have been completed, and are now in the engraver's hands. The bureau will be able to turn out certificates of these denominations by Wednesday next. Other denominations will soon be ready.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS.

Six thousand cases of measles are reported Lyons, France. John Foley, aged eleven, died of hydro-phobia in New York yesterday. A London dispatch reports less excitement at the government works at Woolwich arse-nal than was manifest some weeks ago. Charles W. Hunt, while drunk Friday night in Deadwood, Dakotz, shot fatally C. W. Tappan, proprietor of a boardinghouse. tion in wages, to begin on the first of April J. S. Trimble, a banker and large dealer in

grain, of Mount Gilead, Ohio, failed yester-day. Liabilities not known, though probably ted States navy, died of apoplexy at Newburg. New York, yesterday, aged eightyfour years. Secretary Thompson visited Brooklyn navyyard yesterday, and inspected the United States ships Portsmouth and Wyoming which sail this evening with exhibits for the Paris exposition.

The schooner George Oscar, which put to sea from New Orleans a few days ago, was struck by the recent gale on the guif and disnasted, necessitating her return to New Or eans for repairs. The reliably ascertained liabilities of A. Ransom & Co., of New York, are five hundred and fifty-five thousand dollars, with assets amounting to three hundred and nine-ty-seven thousand dollars. A daring and extensive robbery was comitted from the Lechmere national bank, at

lars in money and securities. Colonel E. Snelbacker, ex-chief of police of Cincinnati, has been arrested on charges imicating him in the burg ary of the paper from Dr. M'Carthy's residence having ence to the Dickey-Tytus case. During the recent snow-storms in northwest the streets of Deadwood were fiv feet deep in snow on a level. Everything and everybody was snow-bound, and it i feared much suffering was the result. Governor Halliday, of Virginia, has offere one hundred dollars reward, in each case, for that State, on the night of the sixth instar The savings banks depositors of Boston

and the runs on the various were more pressing than on Friday. paid depositors promptly up to the The pope, notwithstanding the osition, has ordered the Italian bishops to legalize their position, giving them liberty to demand an exequatur from the government. This defense of the pope's means a tacit acceptance of the loss of ten Weekly New York bank statement: Loar lecrease, \$3,341,900; specie increase, \$2,429,-

000; legal-tenders decrease, \$329,700; deposdecrease, \$70,800; circulation \$25,600; reserve increase, \$2,177,000; the banks now hold \$16,064,920 in excess of legal

and coffee merchant, failed to appear in New York yesterday, for examination on the charge of fraudulent bankruptcy, and his bonds—ten thousand dollars—were forfeited. The case was sent to the grand jury and a warrant for the arrest of Stiner was pre-The secretary of the navy has ordered that the steam launches and cutters furnished to naval vessels will hereafter be employed fo towing other ships, and not for the exclusive use of officers. Another order provides that assistant surgeons shall not be examined

served two years on some United States ves-The mayor of Chicago has rescinded his order discharging over one hundred firemen and laying aside several engines. Only thir y-three firemen, being the number now em-ployed and not actually necessary about the engines, will be discharged. All the engines rill be retained, and not over eighty-five po-

gees at Delvino, but many of them are known to have been killed. The consuls have represented the condition of affairs to their governments, and appealed for preventive measures. The British consul is particularly active. The British man-of-war Rapid has done

FROM CENTENNIAL HEADQUARTERS.-1 find Dr. Bull's cough syrup excellent, having a ready sale and rendering more satisfaction than any cough syrup I have ever sold."—A.
B. Maloney, M.D., Fifteenth and Carpenter streets, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Fits Cured

ATTENTION, BLUFF CITY GRAYS! Special Order, No. —,]
YOU are hereby notified to appear at armory this
(SUNDAY) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, in full uniform, By order JOHN T. CAMERON, Captain-Comd'g. W. W. HARVEY, O. S.

Non-Resident Notice. No. 2810-In the Chancery Court of Shelby county Tennessee. -D. C. Lowenstein et al. vs. G. F.

FROHLICH—STRILLA, daughter of William and Charlotte Frohlich, aged 5 months and 2 days, de-parted this life at 3½ o'clock, the 15th inst. [Mil-watikee papers please copt.] Family and friends are invited to attend the funcral, at their residence, 183 Carroll avenue, thi (SUNDAY) morning, at 9 o'clock. RUMBOUGH-In Little Rock, Ark., at 3 o'clock p.m., March 15th, Caroline, daughter of G. P. C. and Anna T. Rumbough, aged 8 years 1 month and

MEMPHIS B. A. CHAPTER, No. 95—
Will hold its stated convocation tomorrow (MONDAY) evening, March 18th, at
7½ o'clock, for dispatch of business.
All R. A. Companions are fraternally invited.
By order
J. W. WARD, Secretary.

127 Monday Night-Very Important. HEADQ'TERS CHICKASAW GUARDS Memphis, Tenn., March 17, 1878.

Special Order, No. —.]

THIS command is ordered to assemble at their armory this (SUNDAY) atternoon, at 3 o'clock in full dress. By command of

G. W. GORDON, Captain Comd'g.

A. W. JONES, O. S. Attention, Knights of Innisfail

IRISH-AMERICAN

**Building and Loan Association** Tuesday, March 19th, at 7:30 p.m.



Notice-Mechanics and Manufacturers YOU are hereby earnestly requested to attend a meeting, to be neld at Cochran Hall, on TUESDAY, March 19th, at 8,0'clock sharp. Matters of vital importance to your interests will be presented on the occasion.

JOHN CUBBINS, President, pro tem.

OWEN LILLY, Secretary. Hibernian Mutual Relief Society. THE members of the Hibernian Mutual Relie Society are requested to meet at their hall thi (SUNDAY) morning, promptly at 9 o'clock. JOHN LILLY, President.

DENNIS SMITH, Recording NOTICE OF DIVIDEND. DY order of the Board of Directors of the Merchants Insurance Company, a return dividend of Ten (10) Per Cent. upon the capital stock of said company will be paid the stockholders on and after the 20th of March. 1878. Certificates of stock will be required to draw dividend.

Office with Planters Ins Co.. 41 Madison street.

JOHN OVERTON, Jr., President.
C. C. Selden, Secretary.

Simon Tuska Lodge. No. 192, I. O. B. B. DEGULAR meeting this (SUNDAY) morning, 10 o'clock. EWD. GOLDSMITH, Secretary

DRS. A. WESSON & SONS. SURGEON Dentists, 243 MAIN STREET.—TEETH EXTRACTE opainless by Laughing Gas. set of Teeth for \$10. Children THE Board of Directors of the Bluff City Build I'vg and Loan Association will hold their monthly meeting Monday, March 18th, at 7½ p.m., at 41 Madison street. (New series issued; money to loan; stock for saie;) 6 per cent. Interest allowed on advance payments; withdrawals on one month's notice.

S. STURM, Secretary.

e. 3. Sturm, Secretary.

6-pound packages. ..

**Best Self-Rising Flour** 12-pound packages.

**Self-Rising Buckwheat** 

always ready, always good, and never fails to make GOOD LIGHT CAKES on only five minutes otice. The Buckwheat is put up in 6-pound paci ages at 50 cents, and 12-pound packages, at \$1, and sold by all Retail Grocers. Try a package, But ALWAYS get that put up in packages with printed

A CALL.

The members of the Democratic and Con-rvative Executive Committee of Shelby county are County Court-room, MONDAY, April 8, 1878, at 10 o'clock in the morning, for the purpose of fixing the May, 1878, to nominate candidates for Supreme Judges. Other matters of importance will be presented for your consideration. A full attendance is arnestly and respectfully requested. JOHN DONOVAN,

Notice of Dissolution. THE firm of Varner & Featherston, at Senatobia, Miss., was dissolved by limitation on the 6th of March, 1878. J. P. Featherston alone is authorized to settle up the business or sign the firm name in liquidation. All persons having claims against said firm are required to present them in thirty days or they will be barred; all persons indebted to said firm, or to J. P. Featherston, are requested to make immediate settlement. The business will be continued by the undersigned, J. P. FEATHERSTON. Bankrupt Assignee's Sale.

ON TUESDAY. April 2, 1878, I will sell in front of 19 Madison street, at 12 m., all of the uncollected accounts, nctes and judgments, belonging to the late firm of Joseph Coll & Co. THOS. FISHER, Assigne Sherift's Sale of Real Estate. DUBLIC notice is hereby given, That by virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas to me directed from the Honorable Circuit Court of Shelby county, Tennessee, in the case of Thomas Kirnan vs. James Maher, judgment rendered on the first day of December, 1877, for the sum of seventy-five dollars and twenty cents, with interest and costs of suit; to satisfy said judgment, etc., I will, on

Wednesday, the 10th Day of April, 1878,

Wednesday, the 16th Day of April, 1878, in legal hours, in front of the courthouse, Memphis, Tenn., proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described property, to-wit: A lot of ground in the city of Memphis, designated as lot No. 23, on the plan of Ames Woodruff's subdivision of original lots Nos. 518 and 519, said lot No. 23 being on the east side of North Winchester avenue 145 feet 8 inches from the intersection of said avenue with the south side of the Raleigh plankroad; thence S 2013 deg east with the said avenue thirty feet; thence N 6923 deg on hundred and forty feet; thence N 2013 deg thirty feet; thence S 6923 deg W one hundred and forty feet to the beginning, as recorded in book 58, part 2, page 533, in the Register's office of Shelby county, to which reference is made; levied on as the property of defendant, James Maher, to satisfy said judgment, interest and costs. Memphis, 14th day of March, 1878.

Sheriff of Shelby county, Tenn.
By W. W. Coleman, Depuly Sheriff.
T. A. Ryan, Att'y for plaintiff. mh17 tue Chancery Sale of Real Estate.

No. 2643 R.—Chancery Court of Shelby county—G.
W. Shroyer et al. vs. W. P. Shroyer et al.
By virtue of an interlocutory decree for sale, entered in the above cause on the 7th day of March, 1878, I will sell, at public anciton, to the highest bidder, in front of the light and master's office, courthouse building, Main street, Memphis, Tenn, on within legal hours, the following described property, situated in Shelby county, Tennessee, to-wit; About four (4) acres of land situated about 215 mailes south of Court Square, bounded on the east by Latham avenue, on which it fronts about 800 feet; on the south by A. Corde's lot; and the west by P.I.d of the Love estate, and on the north by Mrs. Trigg's land, on this land is a dwellinghoure, stable and orchard, all situated on the south part; bayou Gayoso runs diagonally through this lot.

Terms of Sale—One-fourth (14) cash; balance in 1, 2 and 8 years; notes bearing interest from date, with good security; lien retained, etc. This March 19, 1878.

By R. J. Black, D. C. and M. W. W. Goodwin, Solicitor.

mh17 su Saturday, April 18, 1878,

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